NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

X	
IOUNI MODENIA	Date Index No. Purchased:
JOHN MORENA,	Index No.:
Plaintiff,	
-against-	Plaintiff designates Kings
-agamst-	County as the place of trial.
FATHER PATRICK SEXTON, THE DIOCESE OF	The basis of venue is
BROOKLYN, ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC	Defendants' residence.
CHURCH and ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC	
SCHOOL,	SUMMONS
Defendants.	
X	

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance, on the Plaintiff's Attorney(s) within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated: New York, New York October 30, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10022

(212) 922-0906

-and-

By. Gary Certain, Esq.

CERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10022

1.0., 2011, 1.0., 2011, 10.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

TO:

FATHER PATRICK SEXTON 555 Strathmore Road Havertown, PA 19083

THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN 310 Prospect Park West Brooklyn, New York 11215

ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH 39-38 29th St, Long Island City, NY 11101

ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOL c/o ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH 39-38 29th St, Long Island City, NY 11101

ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOL c/o THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN 310 Prospect Park West Brooklyn, New York 11215

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

COUNTY OF KINGSX	
JOHN MORENA,	Index No.:
Plaintiff, -against-	VERIFIED COMPLAINT
FATHER PATRICK SEXTON, THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN, ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH and ST. PATRICK ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOL,	
DefendantsX	

Plaintiff John Morena ("Plaintiff"), by his attorneys Slater Slater Schulman LLP and Certain & Zilberg, PLLC, brings this action against Father Patrick Sexton ("Sexton"), the Diocese of Brooklyn ("Diocese"), St. Patrick Roman Catholic Church ("Church"), and St. Patrick Roman Catholic School ("School") and alleges, on personal knowledge as to himself and on information and belief as to all other matters, as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- This action is brought pursuant to the Children Victims Act ("CVA") (L. 2019 c.
 See CPLR §§ 214-g and 22 NYCRR 202.72.
- 2. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Sexton pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Sexton either resides in New York, or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Diocese pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Diocese either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Church pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Church either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.

- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the School pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the School either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.
- 6. This Court has jurisdiction over this action because the amount of damages Plaintiff seeks exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.
- 7. Venue for this action is proper in the County of Kings pursuant to CPLR § 503 in that Plaintiff resides in this County, and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred here.

PARTIES

- 8. Whenever reference is made to any Defendant entity, such reference includes that entity, its parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and successors. In addition, whenever reference is made to any act, deed, or transaction of any entity, the allegation means that the entity engaged in the act, deed, or transaction by or through its officers, directors, agents employees, or representatives while they were actively engaged in the management, direction, control, or transaction of the entity's business affairs.
- 9. Plaintiff is an individual residing in Queens County, New York. Plaintiff was an infant at the time of the sexual abuse alleged herein.
- 10. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese was and continues to be a non-profit religious corporation, organized exclusively for charitable, religious, and educational purposes within the meaning of § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

11. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese was and remains authorized to conduct business under the laws of the State of New York.

- 12. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Diocese's principal place of business is 310 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, New York 11215.
- 13. The Diocese oversees a variety of liturgical, sacramental, educational and faith formation programs.
- 14. The Diocese has various programs that seek out the participation of children in its activities.
- 15. The Diocese, through its agents, servants, and/or employees has control over those activities involving children.
- 16. The Diocese has the power to employ individuals working with children, and/or alongside children, providing said children with guidance and/or instruction under the auspices of the Defendant Diocese, including but not limited to those at the Church.
- 17. The Diocese has the power to employ individuals who work with children, and/or provide guidance and/or instruction under the auspices of Defendant Diocese, including but not limited to those at the School.
- 18. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church was and continues to be a religious New York State non-profit entity.
- 19. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church maintained its principal place of business at 39-38 29th St, Long Island City, New York 11101.
- 20. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating under the control of the Diocese.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating for 21.

the benefit of the Diocese.

22. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the School was a religious

educational institution affiliated with, associated with, or operating under the control of the

Diocese.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

23. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the School was a religious

educational institution affiliated with, associated with, or operating under the control of the

Church.

24. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the School was licensed to conduct

business as a school in the State of New York.

25. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the School maintained its principal

place of business at 39-38 29th St, Long Island City, NY 11101.

26. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Sexton was an agent, servant,

and/or employee of the Diocese.

27. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Sexton was an agent, servant,

and/or employee of the School.

28. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Sexton was an agent, servant,

and/or employee of the Church.

29. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Diocese.

30. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the School.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

31. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the Diocese, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Church.

- 32. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the Church, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Diocese.
- 33. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the Church, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the School.
- At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or 34. employee of the Church, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Church.
- 35. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the School, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Diocese.
- 36. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the School, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the School.
- 37. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the School, Sexton remained under the control and supervision of the Church.
 - 38. The Diocese placed Sexton in positions where he had immediate access to children.
 - 39. The Church placed Sexton in positions where he had immediate access to children.
 - 40. The School placed Sexton in positions where he had immediate access to children.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH'S LONG HISTORY OF COVERING UP CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

41. In 1962, the Vatican in Rome issued a Papal Instruction binding upon all Bishops throughout the world including the Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction was binding upon the Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction directed that allegations and reports of sexual abuse of children by priests were required to be kept secret and not disclosed either to civil authorities such as law enforcement, to co-employees or supervisors of parish priests, or to parishioners generally.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

42. Canon law requires Bishops to keep subsecreto files also known as confidential files. These files are not to be made public.

- Because of problems of sexual misconduct of Catholic clergy, the Catholic Church 43. and other organizations sponsored treatment centers for priests that had been involved in sexual misconduct, including centers in Albuquerque, New Mexico, Suitland, Maryland, Downington Pennsylvania, and Ontario, Canada.
- 44. Sexual abuse of members of the public by Catholic clergy and agents of the Church has been a reality in the Catholic Church for centuries but has remained concealed by a pattern and practice of secrecy. This secrecy is rooted in the official policies of the Catholic Church which are applicable to all dioceses and in fact are part of the practices of each diocese, including the Diocese. Sexual abuse of minors by Catholic clergy and religious leaders became publicly known in the mid 1980's as a result of media coverage of a case in Lafayette, Louisiana. Since that time, the media has continued to expose cases of clergy sexual abuse throughout the United States. In spite of these revelations as well as the many criminal and civil legal-actions the Church has been involved in as a result of sexual abuse of minors by clergy and other agents of the Church, the bishops and other Church leaders continued to pursue a policy of secrecy.
- All of the procedures required in the so-called "Dallas Charter" to purportedly 45. protect children have been previously mandated in the Code of Canon Law but were consistently ignored by Catholic bishops. In place of the required processes, which would have kept a written record of cases of clergy sexual abuse, the bishops applied a policy of clandestine transfer of accused priests from one local or diocesan assignment to another or from one diocese to another. The receiving parishioners and often the receiving pastors were not informed of any accusations of sexual abuse of minors.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

46. The truth concerning the extent of the frequency of sexual abuse at the hands of Catholic priests, other clergy and agents of the Church and Catholic Church's pervasive campaign to cover up such crimes continues to be revealed. In 2018, the State of Pennsylvania released a grand jury report releasing the name of over 300 "predator priests" in Pennsylvania alone who committed acts of sexual abuse on more than a thousand children, while also noting that there were "likely thousands more victims whose records were lost or who were too afraid to come forward." The report's opening remarks bear repeating here:

> We, the members of this grand jury, need you to hear this. We know some of you have heard some of it before. There have been other reports about child sex abuse within the Catholic Church. But never on this scale. For many of us, those earlier stories happened someplace else, someplace away. Now we know the truth: it happened everywhere.

Most of the victims were boys; but there were girls too. Some were teens; many were prepubescent. Some were manipulated with alcohol or pornography. Some were made to masturbate their assailants or were groped by them. Some were raped orally, some vaginally, some anally. But all of them were brushed aside, in every part of the state, by Church leaders who preferred to protect the abusers and their institution above all.

- 47. The 2018 grand jury report found numerous, pervasive strategies employed by the Catholic Church which the report referred to collectively as a "playbook for concealing the truth." These measures include but are not limited to the following:
 - Make sure to use euphemisms rather than real words to describe the sexual assaults in diocese documents. Never say "rape"; say "inappropriate contact" or "boundary issues."
 - Don't conduct genuine investigations with properly trained personnel. Instead, assign fellow clergy members to ask inadequate questions and then make credibility determinations about the colleagues with whom they live and work.
 - For an appearance of integrity, send priests for "evaluation" at Church-run psychiatric treatment centers. Allow these experts to "diagnose" whether the priest was a

COUNTY CLERK

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

pedophile, based largely on the priest's "self-reports" and regardless of whether the priest had actually engaged in sexual contact with a child.

- When a priest does have to be removed, don't say why. Tell his parishioners that he is on "sick leave," or suffering from "nervous exhaustion." Or say nothing at all.
- Even if a priest is raping children, keep providing him housing and living expenses, although he may be using these resources to facilitate more sexual assaults.
- If a predator's conduct becomes known to the community, don't remove him from the priesthood to ensure that no more children will be victimized. Instead, transfer him to a new location where no one will know he is a child abuser.
- Finally, and above all, don't tell the police. Child sexual abuse, even short of actual penetration, is and has for all relevant times been a crime. But don't treat it that way; handle it like a personnel matter, "in house."
- 48. Refusal to disclose sexually abusing clerics to parishioners and even fellow clerics has been one way utilized by Defendant to maintain secrecy. Another has been to use various forms of persuasion on victims or their families to convince them to remain silent about incidents of abuse. These forms of persuasion have included methods that have ranged from sympathetic attempts to gain silence to direct intimidation to various kinds of threats. In so doing the clergy involved, from bishops to priests, have relied on their power to overwhelm victims and their families.
- 49. The sexual abuse of children and the Catholic Church's abhorrent culture of concealing these crimes are at the heart of the allegations complained of herein.
- 50. The Child Victims Act was enacted for the explicit purpose of providing survivors of child sexual abuse with the recourse to bring a private right of action against the sexual predators who abused them and the institutions that concealed their crimes.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

FACTS

51. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and, in or around 1978. when Plaintiff was approximately five (5) or six (6) years old, Plaintiff began attending the School. a school within and under the auspices of the Diocese.

- 52. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and, in or around 1978, when Plaintiff was approximately five (5) or six (6) years old, Plaintiff began attending the Church, a church within and under the auspices of the Diocese.
- 53. At all relevant times, Plaintiff participated in youth, educational, and religious instructional activities at the School.
- 54. At all relevant times, Plaintiff participated in youth, educational, and religious instructional activities at the Church.
 - 55. Plaintiff received educational and religious instruction from the School.
 - 56. Plaintiff received educational and religious instruction from the Church.
- 57. Sexton, under the auspices of the Diocese, provided educational and religious instruction to Plaintiff.
- 58. Sexton, under the auspices of the Church, provided educational and religious instruction to Plaintiff.
- 59. Sexton, under the auspices of the School, provided educational and religious instruction to Plaintiff.
- 60. During and through these activities, Plaintiff as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the School and Sexton.
- 61. During and through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the Church and Sexton.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

62. During and through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the Diocese and Sexton.

- During and through these activities the Church had physical custody of Plaintiff 63. and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- 64 During and through these activities the School had physical custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- During and through these activities the Diocese had physical custody of Plaintiff 65. and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- 66. During and through these activities, the Church assumed the responsibility of caring for Plaintiff and had authority over him.
- 67. During and through these activities, the Diocese assumed the responsibility of caring for Plaintiff and had authority over him.
- 68. During and through these activities, Sexton assumed the responsibility of caring for Plaintiff and had authority over him.
- 69. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the Church, Sexton was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.
- 70. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the Church, Sexton was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a student at the School. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

71. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the School, Sexton was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a student at the School. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff came

to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority and

trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

72. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the School, Sexton was put in direct

contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff

came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority

and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

73. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the Diocese, Sexton was put in direct

contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff

came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority

and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

74. Through Sexton's positions at, within, or for the Diocese, Sexton was put in direct

contact with Plaintiff, a student at the School. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff came

to be under the direction, contact, and control of Sexton, who used his position of authority and

trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

75. On repeated occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Sexton while acting as a priest,

teacher, counselor, advisor, mentor, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or

volunteer of the Church sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with

Plaintiff in violation of the laws of the State of New York, including the New York State Penal

Law.

76. On repeated occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Sexton while acting as a priest,

teacher, counselor, advisor, mentor, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

volunteer of the School sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with Plaintiff

in violation of the laws of the State of New York, including the New York State Penal Law.

77. On repeated occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Sexton while acting as a priest,

teacher, counselor, advisor, mentor, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or

volunteer of the Diocese sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with

Plaintiff in violation of the laws of the State of New York, including the New York State Penal

Law.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

78. The abuse occurred approximately in or about 1988.

79. Plaintiff's relationship to the Diocese, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in School educational and religious instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff

was subject to the Diocese's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church

over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Sexton's sexual abuse of him.

80. Plaintiff's relationship to the Diocese, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in Church educational and religious instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff

was subject to the Diocese's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church

over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Sexton's sexual abuse of him.

81. Plaintiff's relationship to the School, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in School educational and instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff was

subject to the School's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church over

Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Sexton's sexual abuse of him.

82. Plaintiff's relationship to the Church, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in Church educational and instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff was

12

KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

subject to the Church's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church over

Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Sexton's sexual abuse of him.

At no time did the Diocese ever send an official, a member of the clergy, an 83.

investigator or any employee or independent contractor to the Church to advise or provide any

form of notice to the parishioners either verbally or in writing that there were credible allegations

against Sexton and to request that anyone who saw, suspected or suffered sexual abuse to come

forward and file a report with the police department. Rather, the Diocese remained silent.

84. At no time did the Diocese ever send an official, a member of the clergy, an

investigator or any employee or independent contractor to the School to advise or provide any

form of notice to the parishioners either verbally or in writing that there were credible allegations

against Sexton and to request that anyone who saw, suspected or suffered sexual abuse to come

forward and file a report with the police department. Rather, the Diocese remained silent.

85. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Church.

86. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Diocese.

87. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the School.

88. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Church.

89. The Church knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Sexton who

sexually abused Plaintiff.

COUNTY CLERK

NYSCEF DOC. NO.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

The School knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly 90. condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Sexton who

sexually abused Plaintiff.

91. The Diocese knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Sexton who

sexually abused Plaintiff.

92. The Church negligently or recklessly believed that Sexton was fit to work with

children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Sexton would not

sexually molest children; and that Sexton would not injure children.

93. The School negligently or recklessly believed that Sexton was fit to work with

children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Sexton would not

sexually molest children; and that Sexton would not injure children.

94. The Diocese negligently or recklessly believed that Sexton was fit to work with

children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Sexton would not

sexually molest children; and that Sexton would not injure children.

95. The Church had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests and other school

educators and personnel serving at the School and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile

such as Sexton, by assigning, maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to

minors.

96. The School had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests and other school

educators and personnel serving at the School and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile

such as Sexton, by assigning, maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to

minors.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

97. The Diocese had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct clergy serving at the

Church, and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile such as Sexton, by assigning,

maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to minors.

98. The Diocese had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests and other

school educators and personnel serving at the School and specifically, had a duty not to aid a

pedophile such as Sexton, by assigning, maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with

access to minors.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

99. By holding Sexton out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Church entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Church

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Church held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

100. By holding Sexton out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the School entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the School

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the School held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

101. By holding Sexton out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking the

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Diocese entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Diocese

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Diocese held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

15

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

102. The Church, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The Church thus entered into a

- 103. The School, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The School thus entered into a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.
- 104. The Diocese, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The Diocese thus entered into a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.
 - 105. The Church had a special relationship with Plaintiff.
 - 106. The School had a special relationship with Plaintiff.
 - 107. The Diocese had a special relationship with Plaintiff.
 - 108. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care.
- 109. The Church had superior knowledge about the risk that Sexton posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in general in its programs, and/or the risks that its facilities posed to minor children.
 - 110. The School owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care.
- 111. The School had superior knowledge about the risk that Sexton posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in general in its programs, and/or the risks that its facilities posed to minor children.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

112. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care.

113. The Diocese had superior knowledge about the risk that Sexton posed to Plaintiff,

the risk of abuse in general in its programs, and/or the risks that its facilities posed to minor

children.

NYSCEF DOC. NO.

114. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities, activities, and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Sexton out

as safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Sexton, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit children.

115. The School owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Sexton out as safe to

work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Sexton, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit children.

116. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Sexton out as safe to

work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Sexton, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit children.

NYSCEF DOC. NO.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

117. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the

Church's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.

118. The School owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the

School's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.

119. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the

Diocese's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.

120. The Church's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have

sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the

policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make

sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to

adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the Church, geographical confines, failure to protect children in its programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

people as safe, failure to train its employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by

fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

121. The School's breach of its duties include but are not limited to: failure to have

sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the

policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make

sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to

adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

NVSCEE DOC NO 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the School, geographical confines, failure to protect children in its programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

people as safe, failure to train its employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by

fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

122. The Diocese's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have

sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the

policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make

sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to

adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the Diocese, geographical confines, failure to protect children in its programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

people as safe, failure to train its employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by

fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

123. The Church also breached its duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Sexton posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by clerics. The

Church also failed to warn Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family about any of the knowledge that it had

about child sexual abuse.

19

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

124. The School also breached its duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Sexton posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by clerics and

other church and school personnel. The School also failed to warn Plaintiff's family

about any of the knowledge that it had about child sexual abuse.

125. The Diocese also breached its duties to Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family by failing to

warn Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family of the risk that Sexton posed and the risks of child sexual

abuse by clerics. The Diocese also failed to warn Plaintiff about any of the knowledge that it had

about child sexual abuse.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

126. The Church also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Sexton and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

127. The School also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Sexton and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

128. The Diocese also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Sexton and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

129. By employing Sexton at the Church, and other facilities within the Diocese, the

Diocese, through its agents, affirmatively represented to minor children and their families that

Sexton did not pose a threat to children, did not have a history of molesting children, that the

Diocese did not know that Sexton had a history of molesting children, and that the Diocese did not

know that Sexton was a danger to children.

130. By employing Sexton at the Church, the Church through its agents, affirmatively

represented to minor children and their families that Sexton did not pose a threat to children, did

not have a history of molesting children, that the Church did not know that Sexton had a history

of molesting children, and that the Church did not know that Sexton was a danger to children.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

The Church induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations 131.

and plaintiff and plaintiff's family did rely on them.

127. By employing Sexton at the School and other facilities within the Diocese, the

Diocese, through its agents, affirmatively represented to minor children and their families that

Sexton did not pose a threat to children, did not have a history of molesting children, that the

Diocese did not know that Sexton had a history of molesting children, and that the Diocese did not

know that Sexton was a danger to children.

By employing Sexton at the School, the School through its agents, affirmatively 128.

represented to minor children and their families that Sexton did not pose a threat to children, did

not have a history of molesting children, that the School did not know that Sexton had a history of

molesting children, and that the School did not know that Sexton was a danger to children.

129. By employing Sexton at the School, the Church through its agents, affirmatively

represented to minor children and their families that Sexton did not pose a threat to children, did

not have a history of molesting children, that the School did not know that Sexton had a history of

molesting children, and that the Church did not know that Sexton was a danger to children.

130. The School induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations

and they did rely on them.

131. The Church has never publicly admitted the veracity of the allegations against

Sexton or warned the public and/or conducted outreach to potential victims of his sexual abuse.

The pattern and practice of intentionally failing to disclose the identities and locations of sexually

inappropriate and/or abusive clerics has been practiced by the Church for decades and continues

through current day. The failure to disclose the identities of allegedly sexually inappropriate

and/or abusive clerics is unreasonable and knowingly or recklessly creates or maintains a condition

21

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

which endangers the safety or health of a considerable number of members of the public, including

Plaintiff.

132. The School has never publicly admitted the veracity of the allegations against

Sexton, warned the public and/or conducted outreach to potential victims of his sexual abuse. The

pattern and practice of intentionally failing to disclose the identities and locations of sexually

inappropriate and/or abusive clerics has been practiced by the School for decades and continues

through current day. The failure to disclose the identities of allegedly sexually inappropriate

and/or abusive teachers and clerics is unreasonable and knowingly or recklessly creates or

maintains a condition which endangers the safety or health of a considerable number of members

of the public, including Plaintiff.

132. The Diocese has never publicly admitted the veracity of the allegations against

Sexton or warned the public and/or conducted outreach to potential victims of his sexual abuse.

The pattern and practice of intentionally failing to disclose the identities and locations of sexually

inappropriate and/or abusive clerics has been practiced by the Diocese for decades and continues

through current day. The failure to disclose the identities of allegedly sexually inappropriate

and/or abusive clerics is unreasonable and knowingly or recklessly creates or maintains a condition

which endangers the safety or health of a considerable number of members of the public, including

Plaintiff.

133. By allowing Sexton to remain in active ministry, the Church, through its agents,

has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their families,

including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Sexton does not pose a threat to children, does not

have a history of molesting children, that the Church does not know that Sexton has a history of

molesting children and that the Church does not know that Sexton is a danger to children.

22

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

The Church induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations 134. and they did rely on them.

135. By allowing Sexton to remain in active ministry, the School, through its agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their families, including Plaintiff's family, that Sexton does not pose a threat to children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the School does not know that Sexton has a history of molesting children and that the School does not know that Sexton is a danger to children.

- 136. The School induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations and they did rely on them.
- 137. By allowing Sexton to remain in active ministry, the Diocese, through its agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their families. including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Sexton does not pose a threat to children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the Diocese does not know that Sexton has a history of molesting children and that the Diocese does not know that Sexton is a danger to children.
- 138. The Diocese induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations and plaintiff and plaintiff's family did rely on them.
- The Church ignored credible complaints about the sexually abusive behaviors of 139. priests and/or teachers.
- 140. The School ignored credible complaints about the sexually abusive behaviors of the priests and/or teachers.
- 141. The Diocese ignored credible complaints about the sexually abusive behaviors of priests and/or teachers.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

The Diocese failed to act on obvious warning signs of sexual abuse, including 142. instances where it was aware that clergy had children in its private rooms in the rectory overnight, that priests were drinking alcohol with underage children and exposing them to pornography.

- The Church failed to act on obvious warning signs of sexual abuse, including instances where it was aware that clergy had children in its private rooms in the rectory overnight. that priests were drinking alcohol with underage children and exposing them to pornography.
- 144. Even where a clergy member disclosed sexually abusive behavior with children, Diocese officials failed to act to remove him from ministry.
- 145. Even where a clergy member disclosed sexually abusive behavior with children, Church officials failed to act to remove him from ministry.
- 146. The Diocese engaged in conduct that resulted in the prevention, hinderance and delay in the discovery of criminal conduct by clergy.
- 147. The Church engaged in conduct that resulted in the prevention, hinderance and delay in the discovery of criminal conduct by clergy.
- The Diocese conceived and agreed to a plan using deception and intimidation to 148. prevent victims from seeking legal solutions to their problems.
- 149. The Church conceived and agreed to a plan using deception and intimidation to prevent victims from seeking legal solutions to their problems.
- As a result of Defendants' conduct described herein, Plaintiff has and will continue to suffer personal physical and psychological injuries, including but not limited to great pain of mind and body, severe and permanent emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional distress, problems sleeping, concentrating, low self-confidence, low self-respect, low self-esteem, feeling of worthlessness, feeling shameful, and embarrassed, feeling alone and isolated, losing

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

faith in God, losing faith in authority figures, feeling estranged from the church, feeling helpless,

and hopeless, problems with sexual intimacy, relationship problems, trust issues, feeling confused

and angry, depression, anxiety, feeling dirty, used, and damaged, suicidal ideations, having

traumatic flashbacks, feeling that his childhood and innocence was stolen. Plaintiff was prevented

and will continue to be prevented from performing Plaintiff's normal daily activities; has incurred

and will continue to incur expenses for medical and psychological treatment, therapy, and

counseling; and, on information and belief, has incurred and will continue to incur loss of income

and/or loss of earning capacity. As a victim of Defendants' misconduct, Plaintiff is unable at this

time to fully describe all the details of that abuse and the extent of the harm Plaintiff suffered as a

result.

151. The Church violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

152. The School violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

153. The Diocese violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

25

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

154. The injuries and damages suffered by Plaintiff are specific in kind to Plaintiff,

special, peculiar, and above and beyond those injuries and damages suffered by the public.

The limitations of liability set forth in Article 16 of the CPLR do not apply to the 155.

causes of action alleged herein.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENCE

156. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

The Church knew, or was negligent in not knowing, that Sexton posed a threat of

sexual abuse to children.

158. The School knew, or was negligent in not knowing, that Sexton posed a threat of

sexual abuse to children.

159. The Diocese knew, or was negligent in not knowing, that Sexton posed a threat of

sexual abuse to children.

The acts of Sexton described herein were undertaken, and/or enabled by, and/or

during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with

the Church.

The acts of Sexton described herein were undertaken, and/or enabled by, and/or 161.

during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with

the School.

162. The acts of Sexton described herein were undertaken, and/or enabled by, and/or

during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with

the Diocese.

26

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

163. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Sexton's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Sexton's misconduct.

- 164. The School owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Sexton's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Sexton's misconduct.
- 165. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Sexton's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Sexton's misconduct.
- The Church's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- 167. The School's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- 168. The Diocese's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- 169. At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.
- 170. At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the School.
- At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Sexton 171. was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Diocese.
- 172. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

173. At all times material hereto, the School's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.

- 174. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, and outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.
- As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.
- 176. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages and for punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT HIRING, RETENTION, SUPERVISION, AND/OR DIRECTION

- Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above 177. as if fully set forth herein.
 - 178. The Church hired Sexton.
 - 179. The School hired Sexton.
 - 180. The Diocese hired Sexton.
- 181. The Church hired Sexton for a position that required him to work closely with, teach, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.
- 182. The School hired Sexton for a position that required him to work closely with, teach, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.
- 183. The Diocese hired Sexton for a position that required him to work closely with, teach, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.
- 184. The Church was negligent in hiring Sexton because it knew, or should have known through the exercise of reasonable care, of Sexton's propensity to develop inappropriate

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

relationships with children in his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious

conduct with such children.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

185. The School was negligent in hiring Sexton because it knew, or should have known

through the exercise of reasonable care, of Sexton's propensity to develop inappropriate

relationships with children in his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious

conduct with such children.

186. The Diocese was negligent in hiring Sexton because it knew, or should have known

through the exercise of reasonable care, of Sexton's propensity to develop inappropriate

relationships with children in his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious

conduct with such children.

Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff 187.

had he not been hired by the Diocese to teach, mentor, and counsel children in the School.

188. Sexton continued to molest Plaintiff while at the School.

189. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff

had he not been hired by Diocese to teach, mentor, and counsel children in the Church.

190. Sexton continued to molest Plaintiff while at the Church.

191. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff

has he not been hired by the School to teach, mentor and counsel children in the School.

Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff 192.

has he not been hired by the Church to teach, mentor and counsel children in the School.

Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff

has he not been hired by the Church to teach, mentor and counsel children in the Church.

194. The harm complained of herein was foreseeable.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

Plaintiff would not have suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein but for 195.

the negligence of the Church in having placed Sexton and/or allowed Sexton to remain in his

position.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

196. Plaintiff would not have suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein but for

the negligence of the School in having placed Sexton and/or allowed Sexton to remain in his

position.

197. Plaintiff would not have suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein but for

the negligence of the Diocese in having placed Sexton and/or allowed Sexton to remain in his

position.

198. At all times while Sexton was employed or appointed by the Church, he was

supervised by the Church and/or its agents and employees.

199. At all times while Sexton was employed or appointed by the Church, he was under

the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Church and/or its agents and employees.

200. At all times while Sexton was employed or appointed by the School, he was under

the direction of, and/or answerable to, the School and/or its agents and employees.

201. At all times while Sexton was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he was

supervised by the Diocese and/or its agents and employees.

202. At all times while Sexton was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he was under

the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Diocese and/or its agents and employees.

203. The Church was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Sexton in that it

knew, or should have known through the exercise of ordinary care, that Sexton's conduct would

subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Sexton's propensity to develop

KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and

lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

204. The Church failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

205. The School was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Sexton in that it

knew, or should have known through the exercise of ordinary care, that Sexton's conduct would

subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Sexton's propensity to develop

inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and

lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

206. The School failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

207. The Diocese was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Sexton in that it

knew, or should have known through the exercise of ordinary care, that Sexton's conduct would

subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Sexton's propensity to develop

inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and

lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

The Diocese failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring. 208.

209. The Church was negligent in its retention of Sexton in that that it knew, or should

have known through the exercise of ordinary care, of his propensity to develop inappropriate

relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and

lascivious conduct with such children.

The Church retained Sexton in his position as mentor and counselor to such children 210.

and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

211. The School was negligent in its retention of Sexton in that that it knew, or should

have known through the exercise of reasonable care, of his propensity to develop inappropriate

31

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and

lascivious conduct with such children.

212. The School retained Sexton in his position as priest, teacher, mentor, and counselor

to such children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

213. The Diocese was negligent in its retention of Sexton in that that it knew, or should

have known through the exercise of ordinary care, of his propensity to develop inappropriate

relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd and

lascivious conduct with such children.

214. The Diocese retained Sexton in his position as mentor and counselor to such

children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

215. The Church was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of

Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Church.

216. The Church failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring

on its premises.

The Church was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of 217.

Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the School.

218. The Church failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring

on its premises.

The School was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of 219.

Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the School.

220. The School failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring

on its premises.

32

NYSCEF DOC. NO.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

221. The Diocese was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Diocese.

- 222. The Diocese was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Church.
- The Diocese was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of 223. Sexton in that Sexton sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the School.
- The Diocese failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring 224. on its premises.
- 225. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Church as a mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Church, including Plaintiff.
- 226. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Church as a priest, mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners and/or students of the School, including Plaintiff.
- 227. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the School as a priest, teacher, mentor, and counselor to the infant parishioners and/or students of the School, including Plaintiff.
- 228. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Diocese as a mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Diocese, including Plaintiff.
- Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff 229. had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Diocese as a mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Church, including Plaintiff.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

47. Sexton would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse Plaintiff

had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Diocese as a priest, teacher.

mentor, and counselor to the infant parishioners and/or students of the School, including Plaintiff.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

231. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

232. Through the position to which Sexton was assigned by the Church, Sexton was

placed in direct contact with Plaintiff.

233. Through the position which Sexton was assigned by the School, Sexton was placed

in direct contact with Plaintiff.

234. Through the position which Sexton was assigned by the Diocese, Sexton was placed

in direct contact with Plaintiff.

235. Sexton was assigned as a teacher and/or priest at the Church assigned to teach

and/or mentor Plaintiff.

236. Sexton was assigned as a priest at the School assigned to teach and/or mentor

Plaintiff.

237. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff was entrusted to the care of the

Church and - under its authority - came to be under the direction, control and dominance of, Sexton.

238. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff was entrusted to the care of the

School and - under its authority - came to be under the direction, control and dominance of, Sexton.

34

KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

> It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff was entrusted to the care of the 239. Diocese and - under its authority - came to be under the direction, control and dominance of. Sexton.

- 240. As a result, Sexton used his position to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.
- 241. There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between Plaintiff and the Church.
- 242. There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between Plaintiff and the School.
- 243. There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between Plaintiff and the Diocese.
- 244. Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church was entrusted with the well-being, care, and safety of Plaintiff.
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the School was entrusted with the well-being. care, and safety of Plaintiff.
- 246. Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese was entrusted with the wellbeing, care, and safety of Plaintiff.
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church assumed a duty to act in the best 247. interests of Plaintiff.
- 248. Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the School assumed a duty to act in the best interests of Plaintiff.
- Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese assumed a duty to act in the best 249. interests of Plaintiff.
 - 250. The Church breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.

FILED: KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019 12:07 PM

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

251. The School breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.

252. The Diocese breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.

253. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions and/or inactions were willful,

wanton, malicious, reckless, grossly negligent, and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and

safety of Plaintiff.

254. At all times material hereto, the School's actions and/or inactions were willful,

wanton, malicious, reckless, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and

safety of Plaintiff.

255. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions and/or inactions were willful,

wanton, malicious, reckless, grossly negligent, and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and

safety of Plaintiff.

256. As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages

described herein.

257. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF NON-DELEGABLE DUTY

258. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

259. Plaintiff, when a minor, was placed in the care of the Church for the purposes of.

inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.

260. As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the

Church.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

261. Plaintiff, when a minor, was placed in the care of the School for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.

- 262. As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the School.
- 263. When Plaintiff was a minor, Plaintiff was placed in the care of the Diocese for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.
- 264. As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the Diocese.
 - 265. Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Church.
 - Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the School. 266.
 - 267. Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Diocese.
- 268. Consequently, the Church was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse and to learn of Sexton's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- 269. Consequently, the School was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse, and to learn of Father
- 270. Consequently, the Diocese was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse and to learn of Sexton's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- 271. By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted to the care of the Church, the Church breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.
- 272. By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted to the care of the School, the School breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.
- 273. By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted to the care of the Diocese, the Diocese breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.

KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019 12:07

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

274. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.

- At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or 275. control of the School.
- At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Diocese.
- 277. As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.
- By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 278. are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF DUTY IN LOCO PARENTIS

- 279. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above as if fully set forth herein.
- 280. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Church for the purpose of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.
- 281. The Church owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable harms and injuries.
 - 282. As a result, the Church owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.
- 283. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the School for the purpose of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.
- 284. The School owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable harms and injuries.
 - 285. As a result, the School owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

286. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Diocese

for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

287. The Diocese owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable injuries.

288. As a result, the Diocese owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.

289. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of Sexton for

the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

290. Sexton owed a duty to adequately supervise his students to prevent foreseeable

injuries.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

291. As a result, Sexton owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.

292. The Church breached its duty in loco parentis.

293. The School breached its duty in loco parentis.

294. The Diocese breached its duty in loco parentis.

295. Sexton breached his duty in loco parentis.

296. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

297. At all times material hereto, the School's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard of the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

298. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

FILED: KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019 12:07 PM

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

299. At all times material hereto, Sexton's actions were willful, wanton, malicious, reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in his disregard for the rights and safety

of Plaintiff.

300. As a direct result of the Church's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

301. As a direct result of the School's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

302. As a direct result of the Diocese's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

303. As a direct result of Sexton's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

304. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF <u>EMOTIONAL DISTRESS</u>

305. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

306. At the time Sexton molested Plaintiff, which Sexton knew would cause, or

disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the Church

employed Sexton as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

307. It was part of Sexton's job as teacher, role model, and mentor to gain Plaintiff's

trust. Sexton used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to violate Plaintiff.

40

42 of 51

COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019 12:07 PM

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

At the time Sexton molested Plaintiff, which Sexton knew would cause, or 308.

disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the School

employed Sexton as Plaintiff's priest, teacher, mentor and counselor.

It was part of Sexton's job as teacher, role model, and mentor to gain Plaintiff's

trust. Sexton used his position, and the representations made by the School about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to violate Plaintiff.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

310. At the time Sexton molested Plaintiff, which Sexton knew would cause, or

disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the Diocese

employed Sexton as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

It was part of Sexton's job as a teacher, role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's

trust. Sexton used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to violate Plaintiff.

312. The Church knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Sexton's

conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

313. The School knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Sexton's

conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

314. The Diocese knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Sexton's

conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

315. Sexton knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that his conduct would

cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

Plaintiff suffered severe emotional distress, including psychological and emotional 316. injury as described above.

317. This distress was caused by Sexton's sexual abuse of Plaintiff.

318. The sexual abuse of Plaintiff was extreme and outrageous conduct, beyond all

possible bounds of decency, atrocious and intolerable in a civilized community.

The Church is liable for Sexton's conduct under the doctrine of respondeat 319.

superior.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

320. The School is liable for Sexton's conduct under the doctrine of respondeat super

The Diocese is liable for Sexton's conduct under the doctrine of respondeat 321.

superior.

322. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative.

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS**

323. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

324. As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Church, its predecessors and/or

successors, agents, servants and/or employees, were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

325. As set forth at length herein, the actions of the School, its predecessors and/or

successors, agents, servants and/or employees were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Diocese, its predecessors and/or 326. successors, agents, servants and/or employees were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly negligent manner.

- As set forth at length herein, Sexton's actions were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly negligent manner.
- 328. The Church's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his own safety.
- The School's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his 329. own safety.
- 330. The Diocese's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his own safety.
- Sexton's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his own 331. safety.
- 332. As a direct and proximate result of the Church's actions, which included but were not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.
- As a direct and proximate result of the School's actions, which included but were not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Diocese's actions, which included but were not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

335. As a direct and proximate result of Sexton's actions, which included but were not

limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and

damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

336. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on

Plaintiff, the Church is also liable for Sexton's negligent infliction of emotional distress under the

doctrine of respondeat superior.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

337. At the time Sexton breached his duty to Plaintiff, Sexton was employed as

Plaintiff's teacher, mentor, and counselor by the Church.

338. It was part of Sexton's job as teacher, role model, and mentor to gain Plaintiff's

trust. Sexton used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his character

that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities

to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

339. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on

Plaintiff, the School is also liable for Sexton's negligent infliction of emotional distress under the

doctrine of respondeat superior.

340. At the time Sexton breached his duty to Plaintiff, Sexton was employed as

Plaintiff's priest, teacher, mentor, and counselor by the School.

It was part of Sexton's job as priest, teacher, advisor, role model and mentor to gain

Plaintiff's trust. Sexton used his position, and the representations made by the School about his

character that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create

opportunities to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

342. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on Plaintiff, the Diocese is also liable for Sexton's negligent infliction of emotional distress under the

doctrine of respondeat superior.

At the time Sexton breached his duty to Plaintiff, Sexton was employed as

Plaintiff's teacher, mentor, and counselor by the Diocese.

344. It was part of Sexton's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's trust. Sexton

used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his character that

accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create opportunities to

be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

345. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF STATUTORY DUTY TO REPORT ABUSE UNDER SOC. SERV. LAW §§ 413 and 420

346. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Church, including but not

limited to its teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, had a statutorily imposed duty

to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in its care.

348. Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the School had a statutorily

imposed duty to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in its care.

Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Diocese, including but not 349.

limited to its teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, had a statutorily imposed duty

to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in its care.

FILED: KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019 12:07 PM

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

350. The Church including but not limited to its teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, breached that statutory duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Sexton of children in its care.

351. The School including but not limited to its teachers, administrators, and other

school personnel, breached that statutory duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Sexton of children in it's care.

352. The Diocese including but not limited to its teachers, administrators, and other

school personnel, breached that statutory duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Sexton of children in its care.

353. As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered injuries and

damages described herein.

354. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BATTERY

355. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

356. By the acts of Sexton described hereinabove, Sexton intentionally and maliciously

sexually assaulted, battered, molested, abused, raped and otherwise injured Plaintiff.

357. The offensive and harmful contact of Sexton, as alleged herein, was performed by

Sexton without the consent of Plaintiff.

358. At all times material hereto, Sexton acted with reckless disregard for the safety and

well-being of Plaintiff.

KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/30/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

359. At all times material hereto, Sexton acted willfully, wantonly, maliciously, and

recklessly.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

360. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Church.

361. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the School.

362. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Diocese.

As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages

described herein.

364. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative.

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: ASSAULT

Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above 365.

as if fully set forth herein.

366. At all times material hereto, the acts of Sexton described hereinabove placed

Plaintiff in reasonable fear of harmful and injurious contact, including but not limited to further

and continued intentional and malicious sexual assault, molestation, battery, abuse, and rape.

At all times material hereto, Sexton acted with reckless disregard for the safety and 367.

wellbeing of Plaintiff.

368. At all times material hereto, Sexton acted willfully, wantonly, maliciously, and

recklessly.

369. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Church.

COUNTY

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

370. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the School.

371. At all times material hereto, Sexton was under the direct supervision, employ and/or

control of the Diocese.

372. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully requested that the Court grant judgment in this action in

favor of the Plaintiff and against the Defendants in a sum of money in excess of the jurisdictional

limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction, together with all applicable

interest, costs, disbursements, as well as punitive damages, and such other, further and different

relief as the Court in its discretion shall deem to be just, proper and equitable.

Plaintiff further places Defendants on notice and reserves the right to interpose claims

sounding in Fraudulent Concealment, Deceptive Practices and/or Civil Conspiracy should the facts

and discovery materials support such claims.

Dated: New York, New York October 30, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor

New York, New York 10022

(212) 922-0906

-and-

Gary Certain, Esq.

CERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor

New York, New York 10022

COUNTY CLERK

INDEX NO. 523710/2019

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 10/30/2019

ATTORNEY'S VERIFICATION

Adam P. Slater, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in the Courts of the State of

New York, hereby affirms the following statements to be true under the penalties of perjury,

pursuant to Rule 2106 of the CPLR:

Your affirmant is a partner of SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN, LLP, attorneys for the

Plaintiff in the within action;

That he has read the foregoing Complaint and knows the contents thereof; that the same

is true to his own knowledge, except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged upon

information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

Affirmant further states that the source of his information and the grounds for his belief

are derived from interviews with the Plaintiff and from the file maintained in the normal course

of business.

Affirmant further states that the reason this verification is not made by the Plaintiff is that

the Plaintiff is not presently within the County of New York, which is the county wherein the

attorneys for the Plaintiff herein maintain their offices.

Dated: Melville, New York October 30, 2019

Adam P. Slater, Esq.

51 of 51